### Vidya Bhawan Rural Institute, Udaipur

PG College of Arts, Science and Commerce Affiliated to Mohanlal Sukhadia University, Udaipur (Rajasthan)



GREEN AUDIT REPORT 2024-25

### GREEN AUDIT CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that Vidya Bhawan Rural Institute, Udaipur, Rajasthan has conducted 'Green Audit' on May 3, 2025 to assess the green initiative planning, efforts, activities implemented in the institute like plantation, inventorization of flora & fauna of the institute, barcode on the trees to identify and get more information about them, conservation of biodiversity by creating awareness among the society, waste management, green energy production, water harvesting and management, ambient air quality assessment etc. This green audit is also aimed at evaluating the impact of green initiatives on maintaining campus ecofriendliness. The activities and measures carried out by the institute have been physically verified based on the report submitted and were found to be satisfactory. The efforts taken by the faculty and students towards the environment and sustainability are highly appreciated and commendable.

Place: Udaipur

Date: 3/5/2025

ineet Soni

Head, Dept. of Botany

Associate Dean,

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3/5/2025 Dr. Kiran Tank

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

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India has committed to achieving the United Nations development goals by 2030. One of the SDGs goals is to develop sustainable cities and communities. Every institution is the part of communities and so green audit is a practice for the resource management which can give us idea to make cities inclusive safe, resilient and sustainable. It is an essential step to identify and determine whether the institutional practices are sustainable and ecological. Traditionally, we were upright and efficient users of natural resources. But over the period of time, excessive usage of resources like water, electricity, petrol, etc. have become habitual for everyone especially, in urban and semi-urban areas. It is actually the right time to check if we (our process) are consuming more than required resources? Whether we are using resources sensibly? Green audit standardizes all such practices and provides an efficient way to use natural resources. In the time of climate change and resource exhaustion it is necessary to re-check the processes and convert then in to green and sustainable. Green audit provides an approach for the same. It also increases overall awareness among the folks working in institution towards the eco-friendly environment. This is the first attempt to conduct green audit of this campus for fulfilment of NAAC criteria. This audit was mainly focused on greening indicators like consumption of energy in terms of electricity and fossil fuel, quality of soil, water usage, vegetation, waste management practices and carbon foot print of the campus. Initially a questionnaire was shared to know about the existing resources of the campus and resource consumption pattern of the students and staff in the campus.

#### INTRODUCTION

Now days, the educational institutions are becoming more thoughtful towards the environmental aspects and as a result new and innovative concepts are being introduced to make them sustainable and eco-friendly. To preserve the environment within the institution, a number of viewpoints are applied by the several educational institutes to solve their environmental problems such as promotion of the saving the energy, waste recycle, water consumption reduction, water harvesting and many more...

The activities carried out by the institution can also create adverse environmental impacts. Green audit is defined as an official inspection of the effects an institution has on the environment. Green Audit is conducted to evaluate the actual scenario at the institution campus. Green audit can be a useful tool for a university /college to determine how and where they are using the most of the energy or water or resources; the institution can then decide how to implement changes and make savings. It can also be used to determine the nature and volume of waste, which can be used for a recycling project or to improve waste minimization plan.

Green auditing and the application of mitigation measures is a win-win situation for all the institutions, the learners and the mother earth. It can also result in health awareness and can promote the environmental awareness, values and beliefs. It provides a better understanding to staff and students about the Green impact on institution. Green auditing also upholds financial savings through reduction of resource usage. It gives an opportunity to the students and teachers for the development of ownership of the personal and social responsibility. The audit process involves primary data collection, site walk through with the team of college including the assessment of policies, activities, documents and records.

#### **GREEN AUDIT REPORT**

#### VIDYA BHAWAN RURAL INSTITUTE, UDAIPUR

Established in 1956, Vidya Bhawan Rural Institute (VBRI) is now a leading postgraduate college in Udaipur. From the beginning, the college has aspired to create a cadre of rural leaders, with a good grounding in diverse social issues. Institute is located at Badgaon, near the city of lakes Udaipur in southern Rajasthan. The College is situated in 60 acres of green, clean and serene environment which is also evident from the ambient air quality report

#### **GREEN INITIATIVES**

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Green practices are inbuilt in the constitution of vidya bhawan society and because of this, approximately 30 percent of the area of VBRI campus has natural vegetation.

During the last five years several green initiatives were taken by the institute to make campus green and more resilient. Few among them are:

Vehicle free zone Best practices

Today vehicles are increasing day by day contributing much to air and sound pollution. The vehicles that belong to the staff and students of educational institutions are no exception to this. Avoiding or banning the use of vehicles is an impossible task. But our institution thought of contributing a little in our own way to reduce pollution. This gave birth to the idea of making the college campus vehicle free zone by restricting the vehicle in certain area of the campus. This will keep the college campus free from sound and smoke and thereby to save our environment is the goal of this practice. Full support and cooperation of students and teachers have made

- The institution has composting pits for organic solid waste management.
- Slogan Plates are pasted in the college campus to minimise the use of single use plastic.
- The campus has raw land area and rainwater harvesting pits for better groundwater recharge.
- The campus has solar lights used for street lights.
- Plantation drives in nearby area, local bodies in order to balance the carbon emission and absorption.

- Trees species name plates with barcode that will give complete information about the tree in detail.
- Ambient air quality testing.
- Awareness drives for the protection and conservation of biodiversity and environment.

### GREENING THE CAMPUS

VBRI campus has vast area of vegetation where variety of trees and plant species are found. We have various garden and natural vegetation area i.e. Botanical garden, CAD Block garden, Gol Chakkar garden, and nearby area.

### Plant species growing in the Botanical garden

S. No.	Plant name	Common name	Family
1.	Adhatoda zeylanica	Adussa	Acanthaceae
2.	Agave americana	-	Asparagaceae
3.	Aloevera	Aloe	Liliaceae
4.	Annona squamosa	Sitaphal	Annonaceae
5.	Asparagus officinalis	Shatavari	Asparagaceaae
6.	Azadirachta indica	Neem	Meliaceae
7.	Bambusa vulgaris	Golden bamboo	Dendrocalamaceae
8.	Bombax ceiba	Semal	Bombacaceae)
9.	Bougainvillea	:	Nyctaginaceae
10.	Brassica campestrtis	Sarsoo	Brassicaceae
11.	Callistemon citrinus	Bottle brush	Rutaceae
12.	Calotropis gigantea	Aakra	Asclepiadaceae
13.	Calotropis procera	Aakra	Asclepiadaceae
14.	Canna indica	Kali	Cannaceae
15.	Carica papaya	Papaya	Cucurbitaceae
16.	Caryota mitis	Fish tail palm	Arecaceae
17.	Cassia fistula	Amaltash	Caesalpinaceae
18.	Catharanthus roseus	Sadabahar	Apocynaceae
	Cissus quadrangularis	Hadjod	Vitaceae
19.	Citrus limon	Lemon	Rutaceae
20.	Citrus sinensis	Sweet orange	Rutaceae

S. No.	Plant name	Common name	Family
22.	Cocos nucifera	Coconut, Nariyal	Arecaceae
23.	Coleus amboinicus syn Plectranthus amboinicus	Cuban oregano	Lamiaceae
24.	Commiphora wightii	Gugal	Combretaceae
25.	Cordia dichotoma	Lasora, Gunda	Ehretiaceae
26.	Curcuma domestica	Haldi	Zingiberaceae
27.	Cycas	_	Cycadaceae
28.	Cymbopogon citratus	Lemon grass	Poaceae
29.	Dalbergiasissoo	Sisham	Fabaceae
30.	Datura stramonium	Datura	Solanaceae
31.	Delonix regia	(Gulmohar)	Caesalpiniaceae
32.	Dendrocalamus strictus	(bomboo)	Bam
33.	Diospyros melanoxylon	Tendu pata	Ebenaceae
34.	Dracaena fragrans (leaves yellow on margin and green inside)	Warneckii	Araceae
35.	Dracaena marginata (pink leaves )	Dragon tree	Araceae
36.	Dracaena sanderiana (green leaves )	Lucky bamboo	Araceae
37.	Dracaena trifasciata (growing outside the Bot. lab.)	Snake plant	Araceae
38.	Duranta erecta	Golden Dewdrop	Verbenaceae
39.	Elaeocarpus ganitrus	Rudraksh	Elaeocarpaceae
40.	Eucalyptus citridora	Nilgiri	Myrtaceae
41.	Euphorbia neriifolia	Dandathor	Euphorbiaceae
42.	Ficus benghalensis	Bad	(Moraceae)
43.	Ficus religiosa	Pipal	Moraceae
44.	Hibiscus schizopetalus	China rose	Malvaceae
45.	Holopteleaintegrifolia	Churel	Ulmaceae
46.	Hydrillaverticillata	Hydrilla	Alismataceae
47.	Hymenocallis littoralis	Lili	Amaryllidaceae
48.	Hyophorbe lagenicaulis	Bottle palm	Arecaceae

S. No.	Plant name	Common name	Family
49.	Ixora coccinea	Ixora	Rubiaceae
50.	Kalanchoe pinnata	Pather chhata	Commelinaceae
51.	Mangifera indica	Aam	Anacardiaceae
52.	Mentha spicata	Mint	Lamiaceae
53.	Moringa concanensis	Saijaana/Sargaana	Moringaceae
54.	Murraya koenigii	Meeta neem	Rutaceae
55.	Ocimum	Tulsi	Lamiaceae
56.	Palm	_	Aracaceae
57.	Pandanus fasicularis sps	Kevada	Pandanaceae
58.	Philodendron hederaceum	_	Araceae
59.	Phoenix sylvestris	Khajoor	Arecaceae
60.	Phyllanthus embelica	Amla	Euphorbiaceae
61.	Plumeria alba	Cultivated Champa	Apocynaceae
62.	Plumeria pudica	Cultivated Champa	Apocynaceae
63.	Pontederiacrassipes /Eichhorniacrassipes	Jal-kumbhi/water hyacinth	Pontederiaceae
64.	Psidium guajava	Guava	Myrtaceae
65.	Punica granatum	Anar	Lythraceae)
66.	Rosa	Gulab	Rosaceae
67.	Santalum album	Chandan	Santalaceae
68.	Simarouba glauca	Paradise tree	Simaroubaceae
69.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun	Myrtaceae
70.	Tectona grandis	Sagwan	Verbenaceae
71.	Tinospora cordifolia	neem giloy	Menispermaceae
72.	Tradiscantia pallida	Spiderworts	Commelinaceae
73.	Triticum astivum	Wheat	Poaceae
74.	Tylophora asthmatica	Dama bel	Asclepiadaceae
75.	Wrightia tinctoria	Khirni	Apocynaceae
76.	Zingiber officinale	Adarak	Zingiberaceae

## Plant species growing in the 'GOL CHAKER Garden and nearby area'

S. No.	Plant name	Common name	Family
1.	Agave americana		Asparagaceae
2.	Azadirachta indica	Neem	Meliaceae
3.	Bombax ceiba	Semal	Bombacaceae
4.	Bougainvillea		Nyctaginaceae
5.	Butea monosperma	Palash	Fabaceae
6.	Cassia fistula	Amaltash	Caesalpinaceae
7.	Crinum asiaticum	Sudershan	Amaryllidaceae
8.	Dalbergia lanciolaria	Sisham	Fabaceae
9.	Dracaena trifasciata (growing outside the Bot. lab.)	Snake plant	Araceae
10.	Duranta erecta	Golden Dewdrop	Verbenaceae
11.	Eucalyptus citridora	Nilgiri	Myrtaceae
12.	Feronia limonia/ Limonia acidissima	Kotambari	Rutaceae
13.	Ficus benghalensis	Bad	Moraceae
14.	Gliricidia sepium	-	Fabaceae
15.	Hibiscus rosa-sinensis	China rose	Malvaceae
16.	Holoptelea integrifolia	Churel	Ulmaceae
17.	Jacranda	-	Fabaceae
18.	Leucena leucophloea	Sub babul	Fabaceae
19.	Mangiferaindica	Aam	Anacardiaceae
20.	Millingtonia hortensis	Neem chameli, tree jasmine	Bignonaceae
21.	Nerium oleander	Kaner	Apocynaceae
22.	Opuntia	Nagphani	Cactaceae
23.	Plumeria alba	Cultivated Champa	Apocynaceae
24.	Polyalthia longifolia	False Ashok	Annonaceae
25.	Rosa	Gulab	Rosaceae
26.	Santalum album	Chandan	Santalaceae
27.	Terminalia arjuna	Arjun	Combretaceae
28.	Tinospora cordifolia	neem giloy	Menispermaceae
29.	Ziziphus mauritiana	Bor	Rhamnaceae

## Plant species growing at GAD block Garden

S. No.	Plant name	Common name	Family
1.	Annona squamosa	Guvava	Annonaceae
2.	Azadirachta indica	Neem	Meliaceae
<i>3</i> .	Guazuma ulmifolia	Bhadraksh	Strculiaceae
4.	Mangifera indica	Aam	Anacardiaceae)
5,	Nerium oleander	Kaner	Apocynaceae
6.	Plumeria alba	Cultivated Champa	Apocynaceae
7.	Pteris	-	Pteridophytes
8.	Rosa	Gulab	Rosaceae
9.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun	Myrtaceae
10.	Tinospora cordifolia	neem giloy	Menispermaceae
11.	Ziziphus mauritiana	Bor	Rhamnaceae

#### Tree species growing at main campus of college

S. No.	Plant name	Common name	Family
1.	Albizia lebbeck	Siris	Fabaceae
2.	Azadirachta indica	Neem	Meliaceae
3.	Bauhinia racemosa	Jhinjha	Caesalpiniaceae
4.	Cassia fistula	Amaltash	Caesalpinaceae
5.	Holoptelea integrifolia	Churel	Ulmaceae
6.	Polyalthia longifolia	False Ashok	Annonaceae
7.	Wrightia tinctoria	Khirni	Apocynaceae
8.	Dalbergia lanciolaria	Sisham	Fabaceae
9.	Dalbergia sissoo	Sisham	Fabaceae

## LISTOF PLANT SPECIES GROWING IN VBRI CAMPUS WITH BARCODE

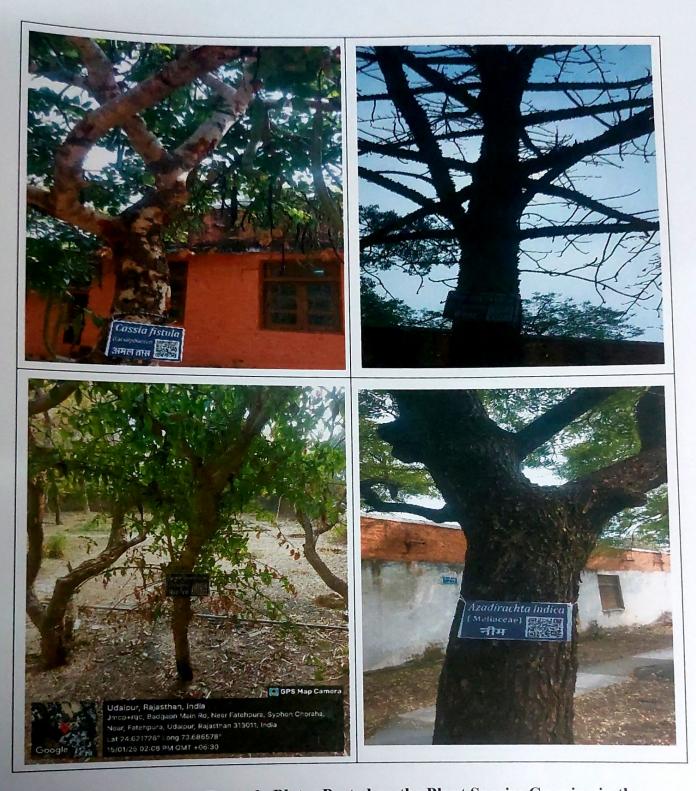
S. No.	Botanical name (Family)	Common/Local name	QR Code
1.	Aegle marmelos (Rutaceae)	Bel, Bel-patra	
2,	Ailanthus excelsa (Simroubaceae)	Arru, Ardu	
3.	Albizia lebbeck (Mimosaceae)	Siris	
4.	Albizia odorratissima (Mimosaceae)	Kala siris	
5.	Bauhinia racemosa (Caesalpiniaceae)	Jhinjha	
6.	Bauhinia variegata (Caesalpiniaceae)	Kachnar	
7.	Bombax ceiba (Bombacaceae)	Semal	
	Callistemon citrinus (Rutaceae)	Bottle brush	
9.	Cassia fistula (Caesalpiniaceae)	Amaltas	

S. No.	Botanical name (Family)	Common/ Local name	QR Code
10.	Citrus limon (Rutaceae)	Lemon	
11.	Clitoria ternatea (Fabaceae)	Gokarni	
12.	Cordia dichotoma (Ehretiaceae)	Lasora, Gunda	
13.	Cycas (Cycadaceae)	Sago Palm	
14.	Cymbopogon citratus (Poaceae)	Lemon grass	
15.	Dalbergia sissoo (Fabaceae)	Sisham	
16.	Delonix regia (Caesalpiniaceae)	Gulmohar	
17.	Eucalyptus citridora (Myrtaceae)	Nilgiri	
18.	Feronia limonia (Rutaceae)	Kotambari	

S. No.	- Tamical name (Family)	Common/ Local name	QR Code
19.	(Moraceae)	Badd, Bargad, Vad, Vadlo, Badla	
	Ficus religiosa (Moraceae)	Pipal, Peepli	
21.	Hibiscus rosa- sinensis (Malvaceae)	China-rose	
23.	Holoptelea integrifolia (Ulmaceae)	Churel	
	Jacaranda mimosifolia (Bignoniaceae)	Jacaranda	
24.	Mallingtonia hortensis (Bignoniaceae)	Indian cork tree	
25.	Mangifera indica (Anacardiaceae)	Aam	
26.	Mentha spicata (Lamiaceae)	Pudina, Mint	
27.	Moringa concanensis (Moringaceae)	Saijaana/Sargaana	
28.	Nerium oleander (Apocynaceae)	Kaner	

S. No.	Botanical name (Family)	Common/ Local name	QR Code
29.	Nyctanthes arbor - tristis (Oleaceae)	Har-singar	
30.	Ocimum indicum (Lamiaceae)	Tulsi	
31.	Opuntiaelatior (Cactaceae)	Nagphani	
32.	Pandanus fascicularis Lam. (Pandanaceae)	Kewda	
33.	Phoenix sylvestris (Arecaceae)	Khajoor	
34.	Phyllanthus embelica (Euphorbiaceae)	Amla	
35.	Pithecellobium dulce (Mimosaceae)	Kikar	
36.	Plumeria alba (Apocynaceae)	Champa	
37.	Polyalthia longifolia (Annonaceae)	Aasha pal	
38.	Pongamia pinnata (Fabaceae)	Karanj	

S. No.	Botanical name (Family)	Common/Local name	QR Code
39.	Psidium guajava (Myrtaceae)	Guava	
40.	Punica granatum (Lythraceae)	Anar	
41.	Santalum album (Santalaceae)	Chandan	
42.	Syzygium cumini (Myrtaceae)	Jamun	
43.	Tamarindus indica (Caesalpiniaceae)	Imali	
44.	Tectona grandis (Verbenaceae)	Sagwan	
	Terminallia arjuna (Combretaceae)	Arjun	
46.	Wrightia tinctoria (Apocynaceae)	Khirni	
47. <i>[</i> ]	Dalbergia lanciolaria Fabaceae)	Sisham	



Pictures Showing Barcode Plates Pasted on the Plant Species Growing in the VBRI Campus

#### ANIMAL WELFARE

List the animals (wild and domestic) found on the campus (dogs, cats, squirrels, birds, insects, etc.)

A variety of birds, butterflies, snakes species and other fauna are found in the campus. Especially the national bird of India "Peacock" is found abundantly in the campus. Around 15 dogs, 10 Cats, 100+ butterflies, 300+ Squirrels and 300+ Birds are available, so the institute is doing their bit for biodiversity conservation. The list of various species of Birds, snakes and butterflies seen at VBRI campus is as follows:

#### Bird species seen at VBRI campus

S. No.	Scientific Name	Common name
1.	Pavo cristatus	Indian Peafowl
2.	Corvus splendens	House Crow
3.	Passer domesticus	House Sparrow
4.	Psittacula krameri	Rose-ringed Parakeet
5.	Psittacula cyanocephala	Plum-headed Parakeet
6.	Columba livia	Rock Pigeon
7.	Eudynamys scolopaceus	Asian Koel
8.	Athene brama	Spotted Owlet
9.	Ortygornis pondicerianus	Gray Francolin
10.	Streptopelia decaocto	Eurasian Collared-Dove
11.	Threskiornis melanocephalus	Black-headed Ibis
12.	Dicrurus macrocercus	Black Drongo
13.	Corvus splendens	House Crow
14.	Curruca curruca	Lesser Whitethroat
15.	Chrysomma sinense	Yellow-eyed Babbler
16.	Argya malcolmi	Large Gray Babbler
17.	Acridotheres tristis	Common Myna
18.	Luscinia svecica	Bluethroat
	Euodice malabarica	Indian Silverbill
19.	Lonchura punctulata	Scaly-breasted Munia
20.	Vanellus indicus	Red-wattled Lapwing
21.	Ocyceros birostris	Indian Gray Hornbill
22.		Common Iora
23.	Aegithina tiphia	Long-tailed Shrike
24.	Lanius schach	Purple Sunbird
25.	Cinnyris asiaticus	Indian Thick-knee
26.	Burhinus indicus	

## Snakes species seen at VBRI Campus

### Venomous snakes

Scientific Name	Common name	Family
Naja naja	Indian cobra (spectacled cobra)	Elapidae
Daboia russelii	Russell's Viper	Family <u>Viperidae</u> Subfamily <u>Viperinae</u>
Echis coloratus	Palestine Saw-scaled Viper	Family <u>Viperidae</u> Subfamily <u>Viperinae</u>
Bungarus caeruleus	common krait	Elapidae

### Non-venomous snakes

S. No.	Scientific Name	Common name	Family
1,	Python molurus	Common Python, Indian rock python, Ajgar	Pythonidae Pythonidae
2.	Ptyas mucosa	Oriental Rat Snake	<u>Colubridae</u>
3.	Oligodon arnensis	Common kukri	Subfamily <u>Colubrinae</u> Family <u>Colubridae</u> Subfamily <u>Colubrinae</u>
4.	Eryx johnii	Red Sand Boa, Indian Sand Boa Domuhi	Family Boidae Subfamily Erycinae
5.	Eryx conicus	Rough-scaled Sand Boa, Common sand Boa,	family Boidae
6.	Dendrelaphis tristis	Common Bronze back Tree Snake, Daudin's bronzeback	subfamily Erycinae Family Colubridae Subfamily Ahaetuliinae
7.	Lycodon capucinus	Common wolf snake	Family Colubridae
8.	Ptyas mucosa	Oriental Rat Snake, Indian rat snake, 'darash' or dhaman	Subfamily Colubrinae Family Colubridae Subfamily Colubrinae
9.	Tryphlops	Blind snake	Family Typhlopidae Subfamily Typhlopinae

#### Butterflies species at VBRI Campus

S. No.	Scientific Name	Common Name	
1.	Eurema hecabe hecabe	Oriental Common grass yellow	_
2.	Eurema laeta laeta	Indian Spotless Grass Yellow	
3.	Appias albino	Common Albatross	
4.	Eurema brigitta rubella	Red Line Small Grass Yellow	
5.	Junonia orithya	Blue Pansy	_
6.	Junonia orithya swinhoei	Pale Blue Pansy	
7.	Junonia lemonias (Brown butterfly)	Lemon Pansy (Brown butterfly)	

### PEAFOWL ZONE OF VBRI

Peafowl zone is an area in the VBRI campus where peafowl are naturally conserved and some practises are carried out for their conservation. In this zone of the VBRI campus area, peafowls are found abundantly with their families and can easily be watched during early morning and evening hours. The Indian Peafowl (Peacock & Peahen), *Pavo cristatus*, the National Bird of India, is a colorful, swan-sized bird with a fan-shaped crest of feathers, a white patch under the eye, and a long, slender neck.

They are naturally conserved in this area because of ample food and favorable environmental conditions for breeding, feeding, courting, and roosting. The dense vegetation and diversity of flora found in the VBRI campus play a significant role in maintaining the population of peafowls in the area.

The term "Peacock" is commonly used to refer to birds of both sexes. Technically, only males are Peacock, females are peahens and together they are called peafowl.

Peacock belongs to Schedule-I of the Wildlife (Protection) Act 1972.

#### CLASSIFICATION

Kingdom: Animalia Phylum: Chordata

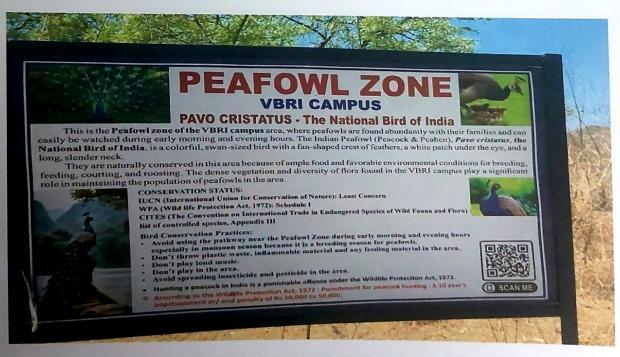
Class: Aves

Order: Galliformes Family: Phasianidae

Genus: Pavo

Species: Pavo cristatus

Vernacular name: Indian Peafowl



**Board Showing Detail Information about the National Bird of India** 

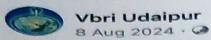
#### ACTIVIES FOR ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION AND CONSERVATION

Various plantation and awareness programs were done by the institution to conserve and protect the environment. Various activities done by the institution are as follows:

S. No.		Activity	Resource person	Venue
1.	19.08.2020	Plantation during "Swachta Abhiyan" by NSS Students	NSS Team	VBRI Campus
2.	21.12.2021 to 27.12.2021	Lecture and Awareness Program to protect environment during seven days NSS camp	Dr. R.L. Shrimal	Bhilo Ka Bedla
3.	11.08.2022	Plantation during "Meri Mati Mera Desh Abhiyan" and "Har Ghar Tiranga" Program by NSS Team & Students.	NSS Team	VBRI Campus
4.	13.08.2022	Plantation during "Har Ghar Tiranga" Program "Aajadi Ka Amrit Mahotsav" by Students	NSS Team	VBRI Campus
5.	07.11.2022	Visit of Students at "Madana Vermicompost" Manufacturing by Dept. of Zoology, VBRI, Udaipur	Mr. Pankaj Dangi	"Madana Vermicompost" Manufacturing Unit, Village Sabalpura, Udaipur
6.	10.11.2022	Slogan & Poster competition on "Plastic Free India" by IQAC Team, VBRI, Udaipur	IQAC Team, VBRI, Udaipur	VBRI, Udaipur
7.	15.11.2022	Poster competition on "Water Quality & Water Pollution" and "Pollution a Major Threat" by Dept. of Chemistry, VBRI, Udaipur	Head, Dept. of Chemistry & Staff	Dept. of Chemistry, VBRI, Udaipur
8.	12.07.2023	Plantation at Botanical Garden	Dr. Ajay Mehta (President, VBS, Udaipur)	Botanical Garden Dept. of Botany, VBRI, Udaipur
9.	06.10.2023	Soil collection and "Panch Pran Shapath" during "Meri Mati Mera Desh Abhiyan" and "Amrit Kalash Stapana" Program by NSS Team & Students	NSS Team	VBRI Campus

S N-	D	1	Resource person	Venue
10.	02.11.2023	Poster competition on Green Chemistry & Environment Sustainability by Dept. of Chemistry, VBRI,	Head, Dept. of Chemistry & Staff	Dept. of Chemistry, VBRI, Udaipur
11.	17.12.2023	Udaipur Field visit for Plant Identification by Dept. of Botany, VBRI, Udaipur	Dr. Satish Sharma	VBRI Campus
12.	12.01.2024	Field visit for Bird Watching at "Udaipur Bird Festival" for B.Sc. Biology student by Dept. of Zoology, VBRI, Udaipur	Bird Expert at "Udaipur Bird Festival"	Golden Park, Lake Pichola, Sisarma, Udaipur.
13.	17.01.2024	1. Lecture on "Environment Protection"  2. Lecture on "Birds behavior, habits and Migratory & Native Birds" organized on 3rd day of 7 Day NSS Camp by NSS Team	Dr. Vinay Dave	Prakriti Sadhana Kendra
14.	27.01.2024	Plant based ornaments making competition by Dept. of Botany, VBRI, Udaipur	Dr. T. P. Sharma (Director VBRI, Udaipur)	Dept. of Botany, VBRI, Udaipur
15.	10.07.2024	Plantation by NSS students	Dr. T. P. Sharma (Director VBRI, Udaipur) Dr. Saba Khan	VBRI Campus
16.	07.08.2024	Plantation during "Hariyalo Rajasthan" program under the aegis of National Service Scheme Unit by VBRI Staff & Students	Dr. T. P. Sharma (Director VBRI, Udaipur)	VBRI Campus
	11- 16.11.2024	Awareness campaign for the promotion of plantation of native species in urban areas	Dr. Anita Jain & Upma Bhatt	Nature club and Dept. of Botany, VBRI, Udaipur





विद्या भवन रुरल इंस्टीट्यूट की राष्ट्रीय सेवा योजना इकाई के तत्वावधान में हरियालो राजस्थान कार्यक्रम के तहत वृक्षारोपण कार्यक्रम आयोजित हुआ, जिसमें संकाय सदस्यों और विद्यार्थियों के द्वारा पौधारोपण किए गए। 7 August 2024

See Translation





Awareness Campaign done by Nature Club and Department of Botany for the Plantation in Urban Area



### Vbri Udaipur is with Anita Jain.

19 Nov 2024 · 🐼

Awareness campaign for the promotion of plantation of Native species in Urban Areas

The Department of Botany and Nature Club at Vidya Bhawan Rural Institute, Udaipur, organized a one-week campaign in November to address pressing environmental concerns through community engagement. The initiative focused on prom... See more









# Vbri Udaipur is with Tej Prakash Sharma and \*Anita Jain.

12 Jul 2023 · 🐼

"Glimpse of Inaugural ceremony of "Field Botanical Laboratory"

To develop field botanical laboratory at VBRI, Udaipur thematic plantation was done. Main feature of this botanical garden is development of different grooves like citrus groove, palm groove, bamboo groove,... See more



**Posts** 

Reels

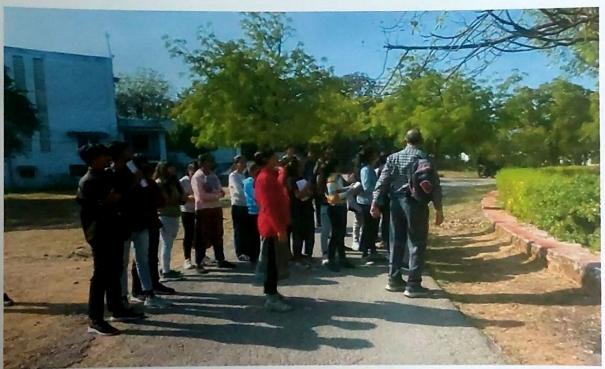


Vbri Udaipur is with Naresh Rao and 18 others.

18 Dec 2023 · 🚱

Department of Botany, Vidya Bhawan rural institute, organise one day workshop for the Biology student to identify plants in the field.

During thesession, students had the unique opportunity to interact renowned biodiversity expert Dr. Satish Sharma, who not only imparted knowledge on plant identification but also emphasized the profou... See more









11:57 ...I LTE 78

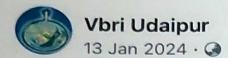
Vbri Udaipur

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**Posts** 

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Reels

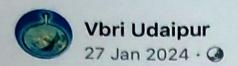


"Field visit by Department of Zoology, VBRI".

Department of Zoology, VBRI, Udaipur organised a field visit for students of B.SC. Biology at "UDAIPUR BIRD FESTIVAL" organised by Forest Department, Udaipur, Government of India on 12 January, 2024 at Golden park, Lake pichola, Sisar... See more







विद्या भवन रूरल इंस्टीट्यूट के वनस्पति विज्ञान विभाग द्वारा पादपों की सहायता से आकर्षक गृहसञ्जा सामान और आभूषण बनाओ प्रतियोगिता आयोजित की गई, जिसमे बीएससी बायोलॉजी के बहुत से छात्र, छात्राओं ने बढ़चढ़ कर भाग लिया। विभागाध्यक्ष डॉ अनिता जैन ने पादपों से ग्रह सञ्जा और आभूषण के महत्व को समझाया। साथ ही इसके उपयोग से होने वाले स्वास्थ्य एवं आर्थिक फायदो से अवगत करवाया।डॉ टी पी शर्मा जी और डॉ सबा खान ने कार्यक्रम की अध्यक्षता की एवं प्र... See more See Translation







राष्ट्रीय सेवा योजना (NSS) के द्वारा महाविद्यालय परिसर में किया गया पौधारोपण।





O You, Anurag Priyadarshee and 30 others 1 comment

#### Work done by IQAC in the session 2024-25 for the sustainable practices

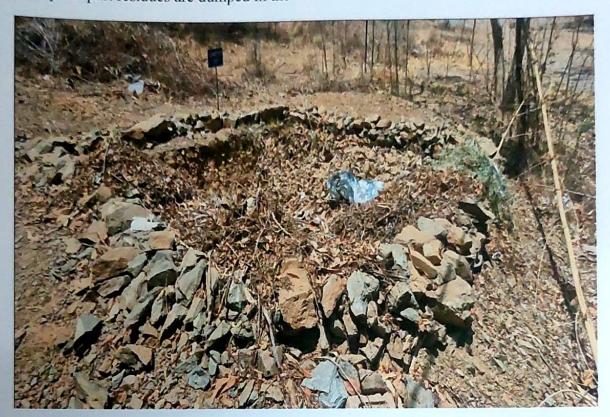
GREEN ENERGY INITIATIVE THROUGH SOLAR LIGHTTS; IQAC installed 5
solar lights of 60 W in College campus - Biology Department, Administrative block,
Canteen wing, near Geography Department and near entrance gate.

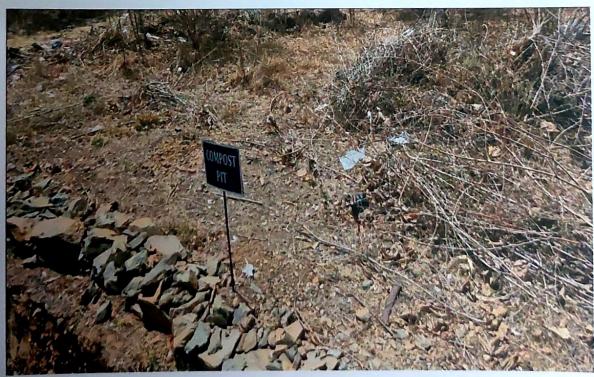




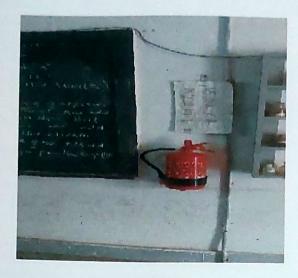
Solar Panels to Generate Green Energy in the Campus

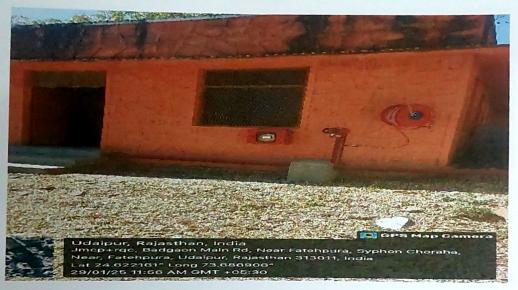
- Water harvesting unit was installed in Chemistry department to collect rain water. This
  water will be stored for watering plants in the garden.
- 3. Compost pit- Two compost pit were prepared for waste management. All dried leaves and plant part residues are dumped in the





4. Fire Extinguishers and fire safety points with alarm were installed in the College.











## **OZONE TEST HOUSE**

#### Report No. 20250314003

Date: - 21.03.2025

#### TEST REPORT

1. Name of Customer

VBRI Udaipur

Syphon Circle, Badgaon road, Udalput, Rajasthan

2. Purchase Order Number

3. Type of Sample

Ambient Air Quality

4. Name of Location/Sample

Rooftop of Library Campus

5. Date of sampling

13 03 2025 to 14.03.2025 Temperature- 34.2 °C, Humidity- 52 %

6. Ambient weather condition 7. Method of sampling

IS: 5182 & Instrument Manual

8. Sample Received on

14.03.2025

9. Period of Analysis

14.03.2025 To 21.03.2025

10. Sample Collection by

: Ozone Test House

11. Sample Condition

Preserved/Sealed/Ok

#### TEST RESULTS

TEST RESOLTS					
. No.	Parameters	Test Method Reference	Unit	Results	(Norms
1.	Particulate Matter-size loss than 10 µm (PM <sub>in)</sub>	IS \$182 (Part 23)2006 Reaft 2017	µg/m²	55.78	100
2.	Particulate Matter- (size less than 2.5 microns (PM2.5)	IS:5182 (Part 24) 2019	hð(m)	25 82	60
3.	Sulphur Dicode (SO2)	18:5182 (Part 2)-2001 Real 2017	fillium,	5.18	90
4.	Nitrogen Diaxide (NÖ2)	IS:5182 (Part 6)-2006 Reaff 2017	pg/m³	7.28	80
5.	Carbon Monoxide (CO)	IS 5182 (Part 10)-1999 Reaft 2019	mg/M <sup>3</sup>	0.54	4
6.	Cirone (O3)	IS 5182 (Part 9)1974 Reaft 2019	µg/m³	07.17	180
7,	Ammonia (NH3)	(5:5182 (Part 25) 2018	Filtim)	05.67	400
8.	Lead (Pb)	(S:5182 (Part 22)	hār=2	BDL (<0.1)	10
9.	Nichel	IS:5182 (Part 22)	ng/M3	BDL (=0.01)	20
10.	Arsenia	IS 5182 (Part 22)	ngM²	BDL(<0.01)	6.0
11	Berzene	IS 5182 (Part 11)	hā <sub>j</sub> u <sub>g</sub>	BDL (<0.01)	5.0
12.	Benzene (a) Pyrene	(S.5182 (Part 12)	ng/M <sup>3</sup>	BOL (<0.01)	1.0

Reviewed By & Authorized Signatory

**OZONE TEST HOUSE** (Denical & Morabdopical Laboratory) 16, Meera Magar, Dhikali Road, Pratap Nagar, UDAIPUR (Raj.)

(Bhagwat Singh Chauhan)

END OF THE REPORT----

Registered Address: 18-Mesranogar, Dhikii Road, Protoprogar, Udatpur - 313001 (Rajashan) E-mail: exmeteshossettyresicon, ale exactashossettyresicon Mobis +91 7976684545, +91 9929519805 SUBJECT TO TERMS & CONNETHING OVERLEAST

Report of Ambient Air Quality of VBRI Campus

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

- Green building guidelines for future expansion projects of the campus.
- Environmental parameters shall be included in the purchase policy to achieve a cradle-to grave approach for sustainability.
- Institute should start the use of Sprinklers for gardening purposes.
- ➤ Increase Plantation drives in nearby villages, local bodies, NGOs and Municipal Corporations in order to balance the carbon emission and absorption.
- Arrange training programs on environmental management systems and nature conservation for schools and local people.
- > Involve lower hierarchy staff in environmental awareness programs and campaigns.
- > Increase in Environmental promotional activities for spreading awareness at the campus.
- Enhance recycling. This can be done by creating a group where students can recycle papers, personal clothes, and other materials for needy students. This can be an initiative under the green program.
- Regular workshops related to Plastic free campus, plantation drives, 3R implementation, e-waste collection, menstrual hygiene, etc. should be carried out.
- Messages should be displayed at various locations to Aware the People about Energy Savings and water conservation.
- > The audit will include recommendations for how the institution can improve its environmental performance.

(Dr. T. P. Sharma)

Vidya Bhawan Rural Institute, Udaipur